



EdgePoint Global Portfolio

Financial Statements

Years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared by the Manager, EdgePoint Wealth Management Inc., on behalf of EdgePoint Global Portfolio (the "Fund"). Management is responsible for the information and representations contained in these financial statements.

Management has maintained appropriate processes to ensure that relevant and reliable financial information is produced. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles and include certain amounts that are based on estimates and assumptions. The significant accounting policies that management believes are appropriate for the Fund are described in note 2 to the financial statements.

KPMG LLP, the external auditor of the Fund, has audited the financial statements in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards to enable them to express to the unitholders their opinion on the financial statements. Their report, as auditors, is set forth herein.

The Board of Directors is responsible for reviewing and approving the financial statements of the Fund, overseeing management's performance of its financial reporting responsibilities and engaging the independent auditors. The Board of Directors is composed of senior management of the Manager. For all series of units of the Fund, the financial statements have been reviewed and approved by the Board of Directors. The independent auditors have direct and full access to the Board of Directors.



Patrick Farmer
Chief Executive Officer and Director
March 11, 2011



Norman Tang
Director of Finance, as Chief Financial Officer
March 11, 2011

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Unitholders of EdgePoint Global Portfolio

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of EdgePoint Global Portfolio, which comprise the statements of net assets as at December 31, 2010 and 2009, the statement of investment portfolio as at December 31, 2010, and the statements of operations and changes in net assets for the years then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Fund's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained in our audits is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of EdgePoint Global Portfolio as at December 31, 2010 and 2009, its investments held as at December 31, 2010 and the results of its operations and changes in its net assets for the years then ended in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles.



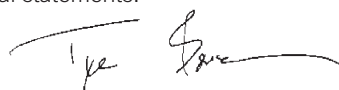
Chartered Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants
Toronto, Canada
March 11, 2011


	2010	2009
Assets		
Investments at fair value*	\$ 541,337,464	\$ 296,453,898
Net unrealized gain on foreign exchange forward contracts	–	152,519
Cash and cash equivalents	35,082,190	25,174,940
Receivable for units subscribed	1,517,789	1,844,908
Accrued interest and dividends receivable	347,016	207,146
Other accounts receivable	95,518	65,296
	<u>578,379,977</u>	<u>323,898,707</u>
Liabilities		
Payable for units redeemed	293,378	63,705
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	495,036	278,438
Payable for securities purchased	–	2,444,142
Net unrealized loss on foreign exchange forward contracts	229,492	–
	<u>1,017,906</u>	<u>2,786,285</u>
Net assets	\$ 577,362,071	\$ 321,112,422
Net assets, by series:		
Series A	\$ 261,172,171	\$ 195,193,933
Series B	95,720,057	65,597,664
Series F	52,336,029	28,418,048
Series I	62,167,010	31,161,128
Series O	1,863,174	741,649
Series A(N)	70,049,670	–
Series B(N)	25,140,361	–
Series F(N)	8,913,599	–
	<u>\$ 577,362,071</u>	<u>\$ 321,112,422</u>
Number of units outstanding:		
Series A	17,456,100	14,009,967
Series B	6,426,062	4,717,619
Series F	3,474,403	2,015,692
Series I	4,125,792	2,213,783
Series O	171,886	73,369
Series A(N)	4,679,980	–
Series B(N)	1,680,901	–
Series F(N)	592,164	–
Net assets per unit:		
Series A	\$ 14.96	\$ 13.93
Series B	14.90	13.90
Series F	15.06	14.10
Series I	15.07	14.08
Series O	10.84	10.11
Series A (N)	14.97	–
Series B (N)	14.96	–
Series F (N)	15.05	–

*Cost of investments is reflected in the Statement of Investments.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:


Tye Bousada, Director


Geoff MacDonald, Director

	2010	2009
Income:		
Dividends	\$ 6,874,953	\$ 2,080,421
Interest	209,601	138,738
	7,084,554	2,219,159
Less foreign withholding taxes	924,371	131,888
	6,160,183	2,087,271
Expenses:		
Management fees (note 3)	6,929,993	2,601,701
Administration and transfer agent fees	697,858	443,381
Audit	85,061	42,594
Fund accounting	77,942	52,894
Legal fees	40,709	24,605
Filing fees	40,278	37,047
Custody fees	30,777	23,148
Unitholder reporting	30,715	27,669
Independent Review Committee fees	11,429	14,625
Goods and Services Tax/Harmonized Sales Tax	634,897	161,438
	8,579,659	3,429,102
Less: expenses absorbed by the Manager (note 3)	19,755	12,970
	8,559,904	3,416,132
Investment loss	(2,399,721)	(1,328,861)
Net realized and unrealized gain and transaction costs:		
Net realized gain on sale of investments and foreign exchange	16,246,013	10,556,847
Net change in unrealized appreciation of investments	27,004,662	27,653,349
Transaction costs	(606,311)	(595,620)
	42,644,364	37,614,576
Increase in net assets from operations	\$ 40,244,643	\$ 36,285,715
Increase in net assets from operations by series:		
Series A	\$ 13,679,400	\$ 22,426,036
Series B	4,848,642	6,921,800
Series F	3,250,749	4,907,933
Series I	5,100,496	2,024,203
Series O	125,935	5,743
Series A(N)	8,878,983	-
Series B(N)	3,241,011	-
Series F(N)	1,119,427	-
Increase in net assets from operations per unit:		
Series A	\$ 0.80	\$ 2.90
Series B	0.80	3.02
Series F	1.12	3.33
Series I	1.55	2.43
Series O	1.27	0.15
Series A(N)	2.28	-
Series B(N)	2.26	-
Series F(N)	2.38	-

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

	Series A		Series B		Series F	
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009
Net assets, beginning of year	\$ 195,193,933	\$ 15,360,036	\$ 65,597,664	\$ 1,980,448	\$ 28,418,048	\$ 11,045,228
Increase in net assets from operations	13,679,400	22,426,036	4,848,642	6,921,800	3,250,749	4,907,933
Capital transactions:						
Proceeds from issue of units	126,889,039	165,255,346	47,032,830	57,312,150	35,513,081	32,050,872
Reinvested distributions	1,621,356	2,684,111	593,466	823,777	1,110,619	904,107
Payments on redemption of units	(74,562,526)	(7,815,068)	(21,749,559)	(609,585)	(14,795,201)	(19,556,511)
	53,947,869	160,124,389	25,876,737	57,526,342	21,828,499	13,398,468
Distributions to unitholders:						
Capital gains	(1,649,031)	(2,716,528)	(602,986)	(830,926)	(1,161,267)	(933,581)
Increase in net assets	65,978,238	179,833,897	30,122,393	63,617,216	23,917,981	17,372,820
Net assets, end of year	\$ 261,172,171	\$ 195,193,933	\$ 95,720,057	\$ 65,597,664	\$ 52,336,029	\$ 28,418,048

Units issued and outstanding:						
Balance, beginning of year	14,009,967	1,400,224	4,717,619	180,664	2,015,692	986,906
Units issued for cash, including reinvested distributions	9,060,299	13,187,453	3,379,579	4,582,041	2,529,233	2,474,379
Units redeemed	(5,614,166)	(577,710)	(1,671,136)	(45,086)	(1,070,522)	(1,445,593)
Balance, end of year	17,456,100	14,009,967	6,426,062	4,717,619	3,474,403	2,015,692

	Series I		Series O		Series A(N)	
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009
Net assets, beginning of year	\$ 31,161,128	\$ 41,233	\$ 741,649	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Increase in net assets from operations	5,100,496	2,024,203	125,935	5,743	8,878,983	-
Capital transactions:						
Proceeds from issue of units	29,455,547	29,427,993	1,023,298	739,781	62,995,862	-
Reinvested distributions	1,769,750	821,791	43,709	5,391	431,336	-
Payments on redemption of units	(3,389,791)	(298,975)	(18,108)	-	(1,819,943)	-
	27,835,506	29,950,809	1,048,899	745,172	61,607,255	-
Distributions to unitholders:						
Capital gains	(1,930,120)	(855,117)	(53,309)	(9,266)	(436,568)	-
Increase in net assets	31,005,882	31,119,895	1,121,525	741,649	70,049,670	-
Net assets, end of year	\$ 62,167,010	\$ 31,161,128	\$ 1,863,174	\$ 741,649	\$ 70,049,670	\$ -

Units issued and outstanding:						
Balance, beginning of year	2,213,783	3,750	73,369	-	-	-
Units issued for cash, including reinvested distributions	2,147,341	2,232,056	100,276	73,369	4,810,007	-
Units redeemed	(235,332)	(22,023)	(1,759)	-	(130,027)	-
Balance, end of year	4,125,792	2,213,783	171,886	73,369	4,679,980	-

	Series B(N)		Series F(N)		Total	
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009
Net assets, beginning of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 321,112,422	\$ 28,426,945
Increase in net assets from operations	3,241,011	-	1,119,427	-	40,244,643	36,285,715
Capital transactions:						
Proceeds from issue of units	22,256,240	-	7,945,585	-	333,111,482	284,786,142
Reinvested distributions	71,337	-	201,073	-	5,842,646	5,239,177
Payments on redemption of units	(356,279)	-	(146,279)	-	(116,837,686)	(28,280,139)
	21,971,298	-	8,000,379	-	222,116,442	261,745,180
Distributions to unitholders:						
Capital gains	(71,948)	-	(206,207)	-	(6,111,436)	(5,345,418)
Increase in net assets	25,140,361	-	8,913,599	-	256,249,649	292,685,477
Net assets, end of year	\$ 25,140,361	\$ -	\$ 8,913,599	\$ -	\$ 577,362,071	\$ 321,112,422
Units issued and outstanding:						
Balance, beginning of year	-	-	-	-	-	-
Units issued for cash, including reinvested distributions	1,706,602	-	602,774	-	-	-
Units redeemed	(25,701)	-	(10,610)	-	-	-
Balance, end of year	1,680,901	-	592,164	-	-	-

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Number of shares/units	Security	Average cost	Fair value	% of net assets
Equities				
536,250	WellPoint Inc.	\$ 29,586,319	\$ 30,312,934	5.25
973,500	Wells Fargo & Co.	27,209,168	29,982,732	5.19
1,584,800	Western Union Co.	28,001,474	29,257,701	5.07
1,651,450	International Game Technology	28,999,567	29,043,375	5.03
949,000	Ryanair Holdings PLC, ADR	28,265,393	29,020,599	5.03
822,300	Willis Group Holdings Ltd.	23,771,148	28,309,787	4.90
924,000	International Rectifier Corp.	17,522,553	27,264,008	4.72
1,371,400	The Progressive Corp.	24,194,767	27,090,426	4.69
454,450	Research in Motion Ltd.	29,965,499	26,262,754	4.54
677,200	Altera Corp.	19,618,228	23,960,659	4.15
519,400	Kinetic Concepts Inc.	18,555,029	21,625,315	3.74
434,300	Hughes Communications Inc.	9,392,763	17,460,425	3.02
861,700	Cisco Systems Inc.	19,611,016	17,313,156	3.00
746,750	Pool Corp.	14,967,267	16,733,353	2.90
447,500	Alere Inc.	16,189,770	16,282,757	2.82
380,200	JPMorgan Chase & Co.	16,475,533	16,030,025	2.78
353,100	Gerresheimer AG	12,972,549	15,231,378	2.64
3,133,300	Grafton Group PLC	13,802,622	14,387,708	2.49
861,800	Knoll Inc.	11,544,431	14,307,929	2.48
592,200	Team Inc.	10,295,359	14,247,465	2.47
470,100	Tognum AG	10,067,956	12,292,160	2.13
369,400	Nalco Holding Co.	9,696,212	11,729,666	2.03
1,921,500	AMN Healthcare Services Inc.	15,214,023	11,729,043	2.03
315,200	Hamamatsu Photonics K.K.	8,705,605	11,462,175	1.99
932,700	WPP PLC	11,284,319	11,417,245	1.98
388,200	HORIBA Ltd.	10,973,746	10,953,840	1.90
179,400	Harman International Industries Inc.	3,803,639	8,257,665	1.43
184,700	Takata Corp.	5,230,149	5,435,717	0.94
758,500	EXFO Inc.	2,880,704	5,309,500	0.92
1,052,100	Advanced Analogic Technologies Inc.	3,876,091	4,194,259	0.73
2,986,200	Travelsky Technology Ltd. 'H'	2,334,756	3,097,480	0.54
		485,007,655	540,003,236	93.53
	Derivatives (note 10)	1,923,249	1,334,228	0.23
	Adjustment for transaction costs	(849,923)	-	-
	Total Investments	\$ 486,080,981	\$ 541,337,464	93.76
	Foreign exchange forward contracts			
	Foreign exchange forward contract to buy Cdn. \$10,676,507 for JPY 868,000,000 with an exchange rate of 0.0123, maturing January 12, 2011		9,655	0.00
	Foreign exchange forward contract to buy Cdn. \$16,008,732 for JPY 1,320,000,000 with an exchange rate of 0.0121, maturing March 7, 2011		(239,147)	(0.04)
			(229,492)	(0.04)
	Other assets, less liabilities		36,254,099	6.28
	Net assets		577,362,071	100.00

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

1. The Fund:

- (a) EdgePoint Global Portfolio (the "Fund") is an open-ended mutual fund trust created on November 10, 2008 by declaration of trust under the laws of the Province of Ontario. EdgePoint Wealth Management Inc. ("EdgePoint") is the manager ("Manager") and trustee of the Fund and EdgePoint Investment Group Inc. (formerly EdgePoint Investment Management Inc.) is the investment advisor. The Fund commenced operations on November 17, 2008 with four series of units: Series A, Series B, Series F and Series I. On September 1, 2009, the Fund began offering Series O units. On August 3, 2010, the Fund began offering Series A(N), Series B(N), and Series F(N) units.
- (b) The authorized capital of the Fund consists of an unlimited number of units and series without par value. The number of units of each series outstanding is disclosed in the Statements of Net Assets. Series A and Series B units are available to retail investors. Series F units are available to all investors who participate in fee-based programs through an investment dealer and whose investment dealer has signed an agreement with EdgePoint. Series A(N), Series B(N) and Series F(N) units have the same requirements, except that they are available only to investors residing in provinces that have not harmonized their provincial sales taxes with the federal Goods and Services Tax. Series I and Series O units are for investors who meet minimum investment thresholds and have entered into a Series I Subscription Agreement or a Series O Subscription Agreement, respectively, with EdgePoint.
- (c) To establish Series O, Series A(N), Series B(N) and Series F(N) units of the Fund, EdgePoint made an initial investment. As at December 31, 2010, EdgePoint held units of the Fund with an aggregate market value of \$8,986 (2009: \$2,050).
- (d) The financial statements include the Statement of Investments at December 31, 2010, the Statements of Net Assets at December 31, 2010 and 2009 and the Statements of Operations and Changes in Net Assets for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 (the "financial statements").

2. Significant accounting policies:

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") and reflect the following policies:

(a) Accounting estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(b) Valuation of investments:

Investments are categorized as held for trading and are, therefore, recorded at fair value. Investments in securities listed on a public securities exchange or traded on an over-the-counter market are valued at the closing bid price. Securities with no available closing bid price are valued at the last sale or close price. Securities for which a closing bid price, last sale or close price are unavailable, or securities for which market quotations are unreliable or not reflective of all available material information, are valued at their fair value as determined by the Manager using available sources of information and commonly accepted industry valuation techniques, including valuation models. Short-term investments, including short-term debt instruments maturing within less than 90 days from the date of acquisition, are deemed to be held for trading and are, therefore, stated at fair value using amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

(c) Valuation of foreign exchange contracts:

The Fund may enter into foreign exchange contracts for hedging purposes or to establish an exposure to a particular currency. Foreign exchange contracts are valued based on the difference between the contract forward rate and the forward bid rate (for currency held) or the forward ask rate (for currency sold short) on the valuation date. Upon closing of a contract, the gain or loss is included in the net realized gain (loss) on the sale of investments and foreign exchange.

(d) Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents are cash on deposit and short-term notes with maturities less than 90 days and are carried at cost, which approximates their fair value.

(e) Other assets and liabilities:

All trade receivables and other accounts receivable are designated as receivables. They are recorded at amortized cost, which approximates their fair value. Similarly, all trade payables and accrued expenses are designated as financial liabilities and are recorded at amortized cost, which approximates their fair value.

(f) Investment transactions and income recognition:

All income, net realized and unrealized appreciation and foreign exchange, and transaction costs are attributable to investments and derivatives that are deemed held for trading. Investment transactions are accounted for on the trade date; that is, on the day that a buy or sell order is executed. The cost of investments represents the amount paid for each security, and is determined on an average cost basis, excluding transaction costs. Realized gains and losses on investment transactions are computed as proceeds of disposition less their average cost. The unrealized appreciation of investments represents the

2. Significant accounting policies: (continued)

difference between their average cost and fair value at the year-end date. Dividend income, including stock dividends, is recorded on the ex-dividend date along with withholding taxes on foreign dividends, if any. Interest income is recorded daily on an accrual basis.

Income and realized and unrealized capital gains (losses) are distributed among the different series of securities in proportion to the amount of equity invested in them. For management fees and expenses, refer to note 3.

(g) Transaction costs:

Transactions costs, such as brokerage commissions incurred in the purchase and sale of portfolio securities and other trade execution costs paid to external third parties, such as stamp duty and exchange fees, are recognized as expenses in the Statements of Operations based on trade date.

(h) Translation of foreign currencies:

The fair values of investments and other assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Canadian dollars at the rates of exchange prevailing on each business day, except for the historical costs of investments, which are translated at the rates of exchange prevailing on the date of purchase. The proceeds from sales of investments, dividends, and interest income received in foreign currencies are translated into Canadian dollars at the approximate rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of such transactions. Gains and losses from transactions and the translation of foreign currencies are considered to be investment transactions and, accordingly, are included in net realized gain or loss on the sale of investments and foreign exchange, or in net change in unrealized appreciation of investments.

(i) Capital management:

The Manager manages the capital of the Fund, which consists of the net assets of the Fund, in accordance with the investment objectives set out in the Fund's Simplified Prospectus and Annual Information Form.

(j) Increase in net assets from operations per unit:

Increase in net assets from operations per unit in the Statements of Operations represents the net increase in net assets from operations for the year for each series divided by the average units outstanding for each series during the year.

(k) Future changes in accounting policies:

On January 12, 2011, the Canadian Accounting Standards Board published amendments to The Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants' ("CICA") Handbook that will provide a two-year deferral of the transition to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") for

investment companies. For fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2013, investment companies, including the Fund, will be required to implement IFRS for interim and annual financial statements. Until this date, the Fund will continue to apply the accounting standards in Part V of the CICA Handbook.

Based on the Manager's current evaluation of the differences between GAAP and IFRS, the Manager does not expect that net assets attributable to unitholders or the net asset value per unit will be impacted by the changeover to IFRS. Currently, the Manager expects that the impact of IFRS on the Fund's financial statements will result in additional disclosures and a potentially different presentation of unitholder interests and certain other items.

The Fund's units are puttable financial instruments. Under International Accounting Standards ("IAS") 32, *Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation*, for the Fund to continue to classify the units as equity, they must meet certain specific criteria. Due to the Fund's multi-class structure, it is unlikely that the units will meet the criteria as it is currently written, and the units will be classified as a liability upon the adoption of IFRS. This will not impact the net asset value per unit used for unitholders' purchase, switch or redemption transactions and is considered a presentation difference only. Certain agreements that refer to net asset value may need to be amended to reflect new terminology that may be adopted; however, calculations for amounts such as management fees will remain the same.

3. Management fees and expenses:

- (a) EdgePoint, the Manager, provides investment management, distribution and administrative services to the Fund. In consideration for the services provided, EdgePoint receives a monthly management fee based on the daily average net assets of each series. The management fee differs among series of units, as outlined in the table below. The Fund pays EdgePoint an aggregate management fee. Management fees for Series I and Series O units are negotiated and paid directly by the investor, not by the Fund. These fees will not exceed Series A management fees of the Fund.

Series A	1.80%
Series B	2.00%
Series F	0.80%
Series A(N)	1.80%
Series B(N)	2.00%
Series F(N)	0.80%

- (b) In addition to management fees, the Fund is responsible for the payment of all expenses relating to its operations. Operating expenses incurred by the Fund may include, but are not limited to: taxes, accounting, legal and audit fees, costs relating to the Fund's Independent

3. Management fees and expenses: (continued)

Review Committee, trustee and custodial fees, portfolio transaction costs, administrative costs, excluding any salaries to the principal shareholders of the Manager, investor servicing costs and costs of reports and prospectuses. Each series is responsible for the payment of operating expenses that can be specifically attributed to that series. Except for interest and bank charges which are paid or are payable directly by the Fund, the Manager incurs such expenses on behalf of the Fund and is then reimbursed by the Fund for such expenses. Common operating expenses of the Fund are allocated among the series based on the average number of unitholders or the average daily net assets of each series, depending on the type of operating expenses being allocated. All operating expenses of Series I units are the responsibility of EdgePoint.

(c) At its sole discretion, EdgePoint may waive management fees or absorb expenses of the Fund. The expenses absorbed are shown on the Statements of Operations, if any. Such waivers and absorptions can be terminated at any time.

(d) From time to time, EdgePoint may reduce the effective management fee payable by some unitholders by reducing the management fee it charges to the Fund and directing the Fund to make management fee distributions to these unitholders in amounts equal to the management fee reduction. Management fee distributions are automatically reinvested in additional units of the Fund and are accounted for as distributions for financial statement reporting purposes.

4. Income taxes:

The Fund qualifies as a mutual fund trust under the *Income Tax Act (Canada)* and, accordingly, is not subject to income taxes on the portion of its net income, including net realized gains, which is paid or payable to unitholders. Such distributed income is taxable in the hands of unitholders.

Temporary differences between the carrying value of assets and liabilities for accounting and income tax purposes give rise to future income tax assets and liabilities. The most significant temporary difference is that between the reported fair value of the Fund's investment portfolio and its adjusted cost base for income tax purposes. Since the Fund's distribution policy is to distribute all net realized capital gains, future tax liabilities with respect to unrealized capital gains and future tax assets with respect to unrealized capital losses will not be realized by the Fund and are, therefore, not recorded by the Fund. Unused realized capital losses represent future tax assets to the Fund, however, due to the uncertainty that they will be realized by offsetting future capital gains, no net tax benefit is recorded by the Fund.

As at the most recent taxation year end of December 15, 2010, the Fund had capital losses of nil (2009 -- nil).

5. Brokerage commissions:

Commissions paid to brokers in connection with portfolio transactions are disclosed in the Statements of Operations of the Fund. Brokerage business is allocated to brokers based on an assessment as to which broker can deliver to the Fund the best results. Subject to these criteria, EdgePoint may allocate business to brokers that provide or pay for, in addition to transaction execution, investment research, statistical or other similar services that may or may not be used by EdgePoint in its investment decision-making process. As at December 31, 2010, EdgePoint has commission-sharing or "soft dollar" arrangements with certain brokers in which third party services were paid for by brokers. These services represent less than 1% of total brokerage commissions paid by the Fund. Other proprietary research services are offered on a "bundled" basis with transaction execution and, as a result, EdgePoint is not able to reasonably ascertain the value of these investment research services.

6. Reconciliation of net asset value:

Net assets reported in these financial statements are accounted for using GAAP ("GAAP Net Assets") and use the closing bid price for the fair value of investments traded in an active market. The net asset value ("NAV") for purposes of unitholders' purchases, switches and redemptions is calculated in accordance with the valuation rules as set out in the Fund's Simplified Prospectus and Annual Information Form and uses the last trade price to value investments traded in an active market. The Canadian Securities Administrators require reconciliation between NAV and GAAP Net Assets.

The difference between NAV and GAAP Net Assets on a per unit basis is as follows:

2010	NAV	GAAP Net Assets
Series A	\$ 14.97	\$ 14.96
Series B	14.90	14.90
Series F	15.08	15.06
Series I	15.08	15.07
Series O	10.85	10.84
Series A(N)	14.98	14.97
Series B(N)	14.97	14.96
Series F(N)	15.07	15.05

6. Reconciliation of net asset value: (continued)

2009	NAV	GAAP Net Assets
Series A	\$ 13.95	\$ 13.93
Series B	13.92	13.90
Series F	14.12	14.10
Series I	14.10	14.08
Series O	10.12	10.11
Series A(N)	–	–
Series B(N)	–	–
Series F(N)	–	–

7. Financial instruments:

Essentially all of the assets and liabilities of the Fund are financial instruments. These financial instruments comprise investments, unrealized gains on foreign exchange forward contracts, cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, other accounts receivable, trade payables and accrued expenses. Investments and foreign exchange contracts are recorded at fair value based on the accounting policies described earlier. All other financial instruments are carried at cost or amortized cost, which, given their short-term nature, closely approximates their fair values.

8. Fair value measurements:

The Fund's hierarchy used for disclosing the fair value of the Fund's investments based on the inputs used is summarized below:

- Level 1 – quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 – inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., as derived from prices); and
- Level 3 – inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Changes in valuation methods may result in transfers into or out of an investment's assigned level.

The following is a summary of the inputs used as at December 31 in valuing the Fund's investments and derivatives at fair values:

2010	Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1)	Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)	Total
Equities	\$ 540,003,236	\$ –	\$ 540,003,236
Options – long	1,334,228	–	1,334,228
Foreign exchange forward contracts	–	(229,492)	(229,492)
Total investments	\$ 541,337,464	\$ (229,492)	\$ 541,107,972

2009	Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1)	Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)	Total
Equities	\$ 295,766,733	\$ –	\$ 295,766,733
Bonds	–	162,739	162,739
Convertible debentures	–	524,526	524,526
Short-term notes	–	24,179,413	24,179,413
Foreign exchange forward contracts	–	152,519	152,519
Total investments	\$ 295,766,733	\$ 25,019,197	\$ 320,785,930

During the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, there were no investments that were transferred between levels and the Fund held no Level 3 financial instruments.

9. Financial instrument risk:

In the normal course of business, the Fund is exposed to a variety of financial risks: market risk (comprising price risk, foreign currency risk and interest rate risk), counterparty credit risk and liquidity risk. The value of investments in the Fund's portfolio can fluctuate on a daily basis as a result of changes in interest rates, market and economic conditions, and factors specific to individual securities within the Fund. The level of risk depends on the Fund's investment objectives and the type of securities in which it invests.

Risk management:

The Fund seeks to provide long-term capital appreciation by investing primarily in global companies that the portfolio management team believes have strong competitive positions, long-term growth prospects, and that are run by strong management teams. The portfolio management team acquires ownership stakes in these companies at prices that are below their assessment of each company's true value.

The investment team takes a conservative approach to risk management by applying in-depth thorough research to each investment idea in order to understand the risks of the individual business and weighs this against its return potential.

Risk is further managed by investing in a diversified portfolio of companies. The team believes that investing in businesses that have competitive advantages in their respective industries is a more effective approach to diversification than focusing on traditional sector allocations. The team takes a common-sense approach to risk by assessing how much money can be lost and the probability of losing it. While this approach may seem overly simplistic, it provides vital clarity about the true investment risks.

The Manager employs a governance structure that oversees the Fund's investment activities and monitors compliance with the Fund's stated investment strategy, internal guidelines and securities regulations. Monthly reviews by the Chief Compliance Officer and Chief Investment Officer are performed to ensure that pre-trade and post-trade compliance rules are followed. The Governance and Oversight Committee conducts reviews on a quarterly basis to monitor activity within the portfolio to ensure compliance with applicable rules.

9. Financial instrument risk: (continued)

(a) Market risk:

(i) Price risk:

Price risk arises primarily from uncertainties about future market prices of the instruments held. Market price fluctuations may be caused by factors specific to an individual investment, or factors affecting all securities traded in a market or industry sector. All investments present a risk of loss of capital. The maximum risk resulting from financial instruments is equivalent to their fair value. The most significant exposure to price risk for the Fund arises from its investment in equity securities. If equity prices on the respective stock exchanges for these securities had increased or decreased by 5.0% as at December 31, 2010, with all other variables held constant, the net assets of the Fund would have increased or decreased, respectively, by approximately \$27.0 million (approximately 4.7% of total net assets) (2009: \$14.79 million or 4.6% of total net assets). In practice, the actual results may differ from this sensitivity analysis and the difference could be material.

(ii) Foreign currency risk:

Foreign currency risk arises from financial instruments that are denominated in currencies other than the Canadian dollar, which is the Fund's functional currency. The Fund is exposed to the risk that the value of securities denominated in other currencies will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates. The table below indicates the currencies (excluding the Canadian dollar) to which the Fund had exposure as at year end in Canadian dollar terms, including the underlying principal of forward exchange contracts, if any:

2010				
Currency	Investments (\$'000's)	Cash (\$'000's)	Foreign exchange contracts (\$'000's)	Total* (\$'000's)
British pound	11,417	–	–	11,417
Euro	41,911	–	–	41,911
Hong Kong dollar	3,097	–	–	3,097
Japanese yen	27,852	–	(26,915)	937
U.S. dollar	451,750	30,474	–	482,224
	536,027	30,474	(26,915)	539,586
% of net assets	92.8%	5.3%	(4.7%)	93.4%

2009				
Currency	Investments (\$'000's)	Cash (\$'000's)	Foreign exchange contracts (\$'000's)	Total* (\$'000's)
British pound	4,337	184	–	4,521
Euro	8,472	121	–	8,593
Hong Kong dollar	2,865	–	–	2,865
Japanese yen	2,558	–	–	2,558
U.S. dollar	261,580	984	(15,147)	247,417
	279,812	1,289	(15,147)	265,954
% of net assets	87.1%	0.4%	(4.7%)	82.8%

As at December 31, 2010, if the Canadian dollar had strengthened or weakened by 1.0% in relation to all foreign currencies, with all other variables held constant, the Fund's net assets would have increased or decreased, respectively, by approximately \$5.40 million (approximately 0.9% of total net assets) (2009 – \$2.66 million or 0.8% of total net assets). In practice, the actual results may differ from this sensitivity analysis and the difference could be material.

(iii) Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk arises from interest-bearing financial instruments where the values of those instruments fluctuate due to changes in levels of market interest rates. The majority of the Fund's financial assets are equity shares, which are not interest bearing. The Fund's financial liabilities are primarily short-term in nature and generally not interest bearing. Therefore, the Fund's exposure to interest rate risk is considered insignificant.

(b) Counterparty credit risk:

Counterparty credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to honour an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the Fund. The Fund's main exposure to credit risk is its trading of listed securities. It minimizes the concentration of credit risk by trading with a large number of brokers and counterparties on recognized and reputable exchanges. The risk of default is considered minimal as all transactions are settled and paid for upon delivery using approved brokers.

The Fund may enter into foreign exchange contracts to buy and sell currencies for the purpose of settling foreign securities transactions. These are short-term spot settlements carried out with counterparties with a credit rating of at least "A". The exposure to credit risk on these contracts is considered minimal as there are few contracts outstanding at any one time and the transactions are settled and paid for upon delivery.

(c) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. Aside from financial liabilities that arise from its normal investing activities, the Fund has no other significant financial liabilities.

The Fund's most significant potential exposure to financial liabilities is the daily cash redemptions of redeemable units. In accordance with securities regulations, the Fund must maintain at least 90.0% of its assets in liquid investments (i.e., investments that are traded in an active market and that can be readily sold). The Fund also has the ability to borrow up to 5.0% of its net assets for the purposes of funding redemptions. No such borrowings occurred during the year.

10. Schedule of derivatives:

Put options Japan-USD	Expiry date	Strike price	Number of shares	Average cost \$	Fair value \$
Sept/100 PO	9/27/11	100.00	7,520,000	235,024	18,495
Sept/115 PO	9/27/11	115.00	7,520,000	59,334	4,171
Mar/125 PO	3/29/13	125.00	15,805,000	121,334	55,859
Mar/125 PO	3/29/13	125.00	30,602,856	162,414	108,157
Mar/125 PO	3/29/13	125.00	15,655,000	121,338	55,329
Mar/140 PO	3/29/13	140.00	18,660,000	60,651	29,700
Jul/100 PO	7/18/13	100.00	14,465,000	467,086	311,149
Aug/115 PO	8/21/13	115.00	43,019,725	348,034	385,556
Aug/115 PO	8/21/13	115.00	40,816,710	348,034	365,812
				\$1,923,249	\$1,334,228

11. Comparative figures:

Certain 2009 comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the financial statement presentation adopted in 2010.

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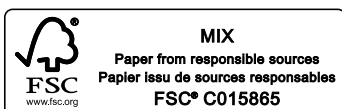
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